Substation Communications

Typical users: Transmission & distribution power utilities

For more than 30 years, RAD has worked closely with its worldwide energy utility customers to provide, field-proven communications solutions that address the automation, Teleprotection and core operational network needs of their transmission and distribution (T&D) grids.

Service Assured Networking: RAD offers secure, reliable, scalable, managed, and performance guaranteed solutions for automation, protection, security, and ICT networking that support multiple deployment mode scenarios over fiber, DSL and PDH. A vast array of capabilities include service provisioning, traffic management, timing synchronization, TDM pseudowire, ongoing performance monitoring, fault management, and various resiliency mechanisms.

RAD

Substation Communications in Transition

In this era of evolving technologies, transmission and distribution utilities face a range of challenges at their high voltage (HV) and medium voltage (MV) substations. Developments in automation and Teleprotection require that old RTUs will coexist next to new 61850-compliant IEDs, Ethernet and TCP-based messaging protocols.

Core networks are migrating to packet-based technologies; fiber optics' reach is being extended and bandwidth requirements continue to grow.

Bridging the old and the new introduces a mix of unique challenges in substation communications:

Product Obsolescence	Equipment Investments	Network Planning	Performance Guarantees	Cyber Security
Old RTUs and substation PDH/SDH/SONET multiplexers are outdated, but there is still a need to maintain legacy equipment installed base	How to invest wisely in new future-proof equipment?	Ensuring that solutions will enable higher capacity, scalability and diverse infrastructure	Need to ensure critical performance requirements, e.g., clock synchronization and low delay, for existing and new equipment	Will new solutions introduce security threats? What is the best way to mitigate such issues?

To address these challenges, substation networking and communications solutions must include support for legacy automation and Teleprotection equipment, while new IEDs and IT devices require Ethernet switching and routing functionality.

In addition, connection to the core network needs to feature cross-generation capabilities, to support current SDH/SONET/PDH technology and newer PSNs, and finally, security threats and regulation are forcing the adoption of combined protection mechanisms in any new communications solution.

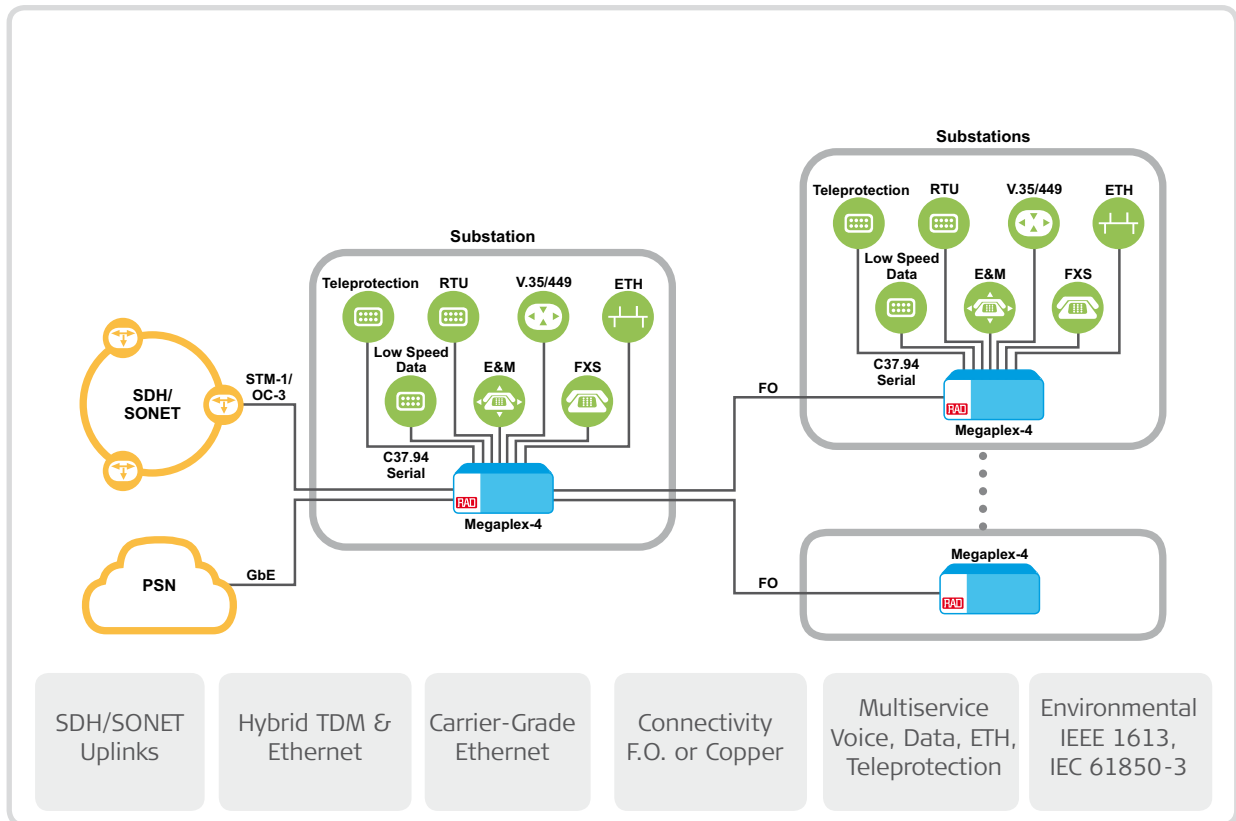## Harnessing RAD's Expertise for Substation Communications

Our solutions for substation communications are built on RAD's extensive technological expertise in TDM and packet-based technologies, providing the designers of new MV and HV substations with the technology and tools to address all current and future communications needs. These future-proof solutions support a wide variety of legacy and Ethernet services, as well as comply with IEC 61850-3 and IEEE 1613 standards and incorporate advanced SCADA security firewalls.

RAD's multiservice solutions for substations meet the communication needs of various departments within the power utility and the systems they operate:

Automation

- RTU-to-SCADA connectivity
- Aggregation from multiple substations to control centers

Voice

- POTS and VoIP connectivity to a central PABX

Teleprotection

- Connectivity between substations
- Serial, fiber (C37.94) differential protection
- Distance contact relays

Security

- SCADA firewall
- Video surveillance

ICT (Telecom)

- Routing and networking
- IP telephony

"Hybrid" Substation Multiservice Connectivity and Migration

Diagram labels:

Substation
- Teleprotection
- RTU
- V.35/449
- ETH
- Low Speed Data
- E&M
- FXS
- C37.94 Serial
- Megaplex-4

Substations
- Teleprotection
- RTU
- V.35/449
- ETH
- Low Speed Data
- E&M
- FXS
- C37.94 Serial
- Megaplex-4

- SDH/SONET — STM-1/OC-3
- PSN — GbE
- FO
- Megaplex-4

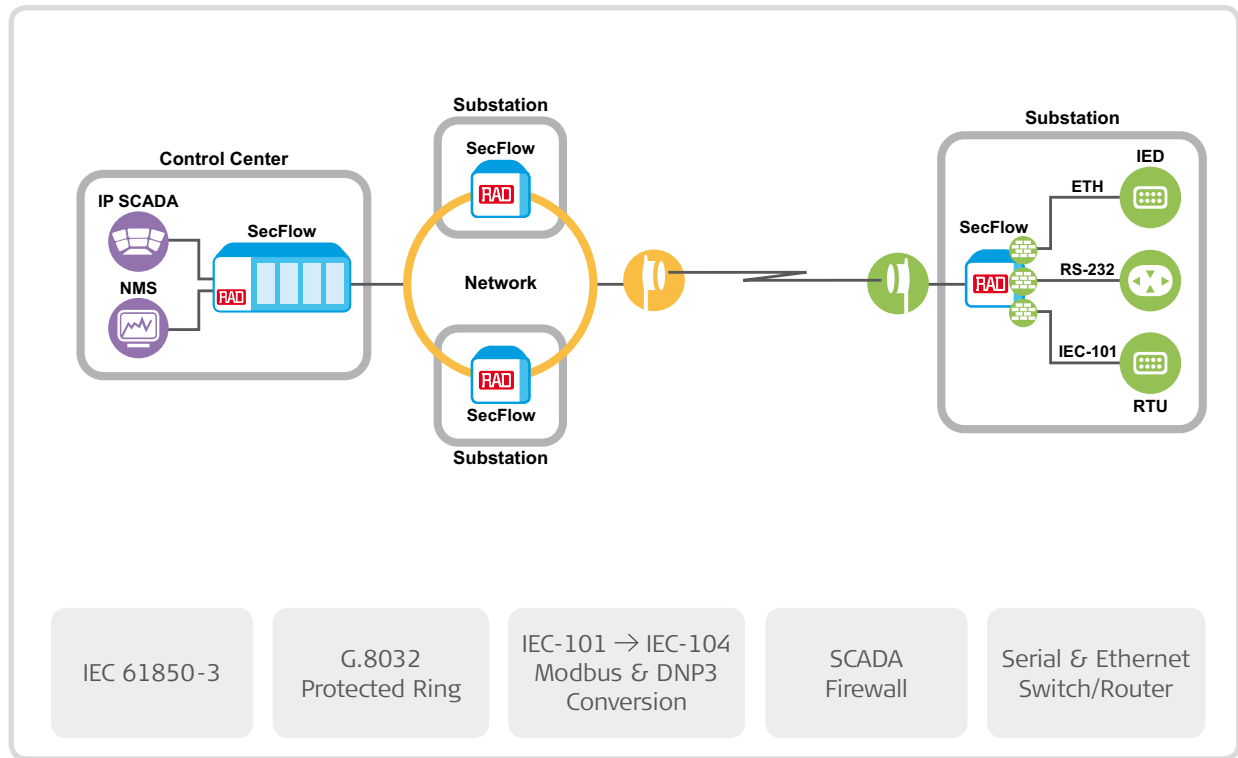| SDH/SONET Uplinks	Hybrid TDM & Ethernet	Carrier-Grade Ethernet	Connectivity F.O. or Copper	Multiservice Voice, Data, ETH, Teleprotection	Environmental IEEE 1613, IEC 61850-3

- Powerful cross-generation multiservice TDM and Ethernet capabilities, including TDM DS0 cross-connect and SDH/SONET, Gigabit Ethernet switching and OAM, pseudowire for TDM over Ethernet/IP, and NG-SDH/SONET for Ethernet over PDH/SDH/SONET

- Easily configurable connectivity of all serial automation and Teleprotection devices to either the existing SDH/SONET network, new SDH/SONET rings and, in parallel, to a new PSN

- Dedicated Teleprotection interfaces for differential C37.94 and distance relays

- Supports analog and digital voice and Ethernet IED, or IT devices with versatile rates from RS-232 low speed traffic up to STM-4/OC-12 or GbE

- Guaranteed smooth migration to PSNs by ongoing support for legacy devices

Megaplex

Hybrid Cross-Generation Multiservice Multiplexer

IEC 61850-3 Secure Substation Communications

Control Center

IP SCADA

SecFlow

NMS

Substation

SecFlow

Network

SecFlow

Substation

Substation

SecFlow

IED

ETH

RS-232

IEC-101

RTU

IEC 61850-3	G.8032 Protected Ring	IEC-101 → IEC-104 Modbus & DNP3 Conversion	SCADA Firewall	Serial & Ethernet Switch/Router

- Support Ethernet-based IEC 61850 substation communications for mission-critical automation traffic within the substation and between SCADA control centers
- Enable co-existence of serial-based RTUs and new Ethernet IEDs with full redundancy over various topologies using fiber optic rings, 2G/3G cellular modems and external radio systems
- Comply with IEC 61850-3 and IEEE 1613 environmental standards
- Seamless communication of the IP SCADA to both old and new RTUs by converting IEC-101 to IEC-104, or Modbus serial to IP, DNP3 and others
- Allow automation and networking departments to build their own secure, dedicated networks over fiber and/or radio links using IPSec encryption and a dedicated, distributed security SCADA firewall suite

SecFlow
Secure Industrial Ethernet Switch/Router

Integrated Security and Firewall Tools for SCADA

Multiple Attack Methods Need Multiple Protection Mechanisms

While there are countless ways to attack the Smart Grid utility network, one of four generic attack scenarios is most likely to be used:

Field-to-field physical site breach	The outside high-wire attacker exploits vulnerabilities in the private-public network link using temporary access, or by physically embedding a 'rogue' chip into the device.
Control center malware attack	A virus or instruction file is installed (using a USB flash memory stick, network connection, serial interface, etc.) inside a control center and is used to sabotage a field device or a portion of the network. The Stuxnet virus is one example of this attack method.
"Man-in-the-middle" attack	The attacker resides between two devices in the utility network, gaining access using a public network or cell-based connection, and is able to intercept and control network data without being detected.
Remote maintenance attack	Access is from a remote network device.

SecFlow Switches Support Integrated Protection Mechanisms to Secure Critical Mission SCADA Traffic

Distributed protection on each end device

Reduces the potential for security processing bottlenecks in the network, and enables creation of application-oriented security, based on the device or network location.

Port-level access control

Limits access to the network using authentication rules based on MAC addresses, IP addresses and pre-defined access roles.

L2-L3 filtering

Encapsulates data at both data link and switching/routing layers using virtual tunnels to strip away service identifiers and other critical information that could be used by attackers.

IPSec L4 VPNs

Ensures that IP-level data transmitted site-to-site via public network interconnection, usually over a virtual private network (VPN), is encrypted end-to-end.

Remote technician gateway

Provides a standard, secure server that limits remote access to specific devices or sub-networks, and can also hide details of the local network from a remote user.

SCADA-aware firewall

Provides intelligent, service-level validation of commands to network devices and subsystems via white-listing or similar mechanisms. Able to be programmed logically in order to address local or proprietary process needs.

Additional RAD Solutions
for Power Utilities

Operational Core
Network Using
Carrier-Grade
Ethernet

Teleprotection
Connectivity for
Differential and
Distance Relays

Distribution
Automation
& Smart Metering
Backhaul

www.pulsesupply.com

PulseSupply
pulsesupply.com